Murine Anti-Factor VIII

Clone GMA-8023

Factor VIII (FVIII) is a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain (ranging in mass from 90 to 200 kDa) bound via metal ions to a light chain (80 kDa). In plasma, FVIII circulates in an inactive form bound to von Willebrand factor. Following activation by factor Xa or thrombin, factor Vila can function as cofactor for the enzyme factor IXa in the activation of factor X in the presence of phospholipid and Ca²⁺. Absent or defective FVIII is the cause of the X-linked recessive bleeding disorder hemophilia A. GMA-8023 (also known as 2G10) recognizes the A2 domain of FVIII¹ and binds human Factor VIII by ELISA.

**Description**

**Antibody Source:** mouse monoclonal, IgG₂a  
**Antigen Species Bound:** human (no murine, rhesus or cynomolgus monkey binding)  
**Specificity:** FVIII A2 domain  
**Immunogen:** B-domain deleted recombinant human FVIII

**Formulation and Storage**

**Purity:** IgG purified by protein G affinity chromatography from serum free cell culture supernatant.  
**Product Formulation:** Lyophilized from a ≥1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM NaH₂PO₄, 0.15 M NaCl, 1.0% (w/v) mannitol, pH 7.4. Concentration determined by absorbance measurement at 280 nm and using an extinction coefficient of 1.4 (ε₀.1%).  
**Reconstitution:** Reconstitute with deionized water.  
**Storage:** Aliquot and store at -20° C for prolonged periods. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Alternatively, add 0.02% (w/v) sodium azide and store at 4° C.  
**Country of origin:** USA  
**Size Options:** 0.1 mg or 0.5 mg

**Applications**

**Working Concentration:** Approximately 1-5 µg/ml. Researcher should titer antibody in specific assay.  
**ELISA:** Binds human FVIII immobilized or in plasma.  
**Immunoblotting:** Does not blot.  
**Inhibition:** Inhibitory by aPTT clotting assay.¹  
**Dissociation constant:** k₅₀ = 2 x 10⁻¹ sec⁻¹ by bio-layer interferometry.

**References**
